

Inter-Continental Spelling Bee Practice Materials

Group 5(Grade 6 & 7)

Oral - On Stage rounds

SPELL IT

No	Word	Script	Meaning
1.	LEGACY	/ˈleg.ə.si/	an amount of money or property left to someone in a will
2.	AUBURN	/ˈɔː.bən/	(of hair) reddish brown
3.	CAREER	/kəˈrɪər/	an occupation or profession in a person's life
4.	BRaille	/breɪl/	a system of printing for blind people
5.	DECORUM	/dɪˈkɔː.rəm/	behaviour that is controlled, calm and polite
6.	ARCHAIC	/ɑːˈkeɪ.ɪk/	of or belonging to an ancient period in history
7.	GLISTEN	/ˈglɪs.ən/	shine with a sparkling light
8.	SCHEDULE	/ˈʃed.juːl/	a list of planned activities to be done showing the time or dates
9.	HORDE	/hɔːd/	
10.	POTENT	/ˈpəʊ.tənt/	very powerful and effective
11.	EXTRACT	/ɪkˈstrækt/	to remove or take out something
12.	PROXIMITY	/prɒkˈsɪm.ɪ.ti/	the state of being near in space or time
13.	ENGULF	/ɪnˈɡʌlf/	to sweep over and cover
14.	TERRAIN	/təˈreɪn/	an area of land
15.	FAVOURITE	/ˈfeɪ.vər.ɪt/	a thing that someone likes best
16.	CLUTTER	/ˈklʌt.ər/	a lot of objects in a state of being untidy
17.	ATROCITY	/əˈtrɒs.ɪ.ti/	a very cruel or terrible act
18.	OPULENT	/ˈɒp.jʊ.lənt/	expensive and luxurious
19.	MURAL	/ˈmjʊə.rəl/	a large painting or picture on a wall
20.	TRUDGE	/trʌdʒ/	a long difficult walk
21.	ZESTY	/ˈzes.ti/	full of flavour
22.	GAMBOL	/ˈɡæm.bəl/	to run and jump in a happy and playful way
23.	SACHET	/ˈsæʃ.eɪ/	a small closed container made of paper or plastic, containing a small amount of something, usually enough for only one occasion
24.	SLACKNESS	/ˈslæk.nəs/	the state of being less active than usual
25.	ANXIOUS	/ˈæŋk.ʃəs/	worried and nervous
26.	PROFOUND	/prəˈfaʊnd/	showing great knowledge or insight
27.	BARROW	/ˈbær.əʊ/	a two-wheeled handcart used especially by street vendors
28.	ADEQUATE	/ˈæd.ə.kwət/	enough or satisfactory for a particular purpose
29.	FINESSE	/fɪˈnes/	great skill or style
30.	SHRUG	/ʃrʌɡ/	a woman's short jacket
31.	CEREMONY	/ˈser.ɪ.mə.ni/	a formal religious or public occasion to celebrate an

			event
32	RECRUIT	/rɪ'kru:t/	to supply with new employees
33	PREJUDICE	/'predʒ.ʊ.dɪs/	preconceived opinion that is not based on reason or actual experience
34	SLACKNESS	/'slæk.nəs/	the state of being less active than usual
35	EMBARRASS	/'ɪm'bær.əs/	to cause someone to feel nervous, worried or uncomfortable
36	CONSTITUENCY	/kən'stɪt.ju.ənt.si/	any of the official areas of a country that elect someone to represent them nationally
37	HAZARDOUS	/'hæz.ə.dəs/	dangerous
38	INVENTORY	/'ɪn.vən.tri/	a detailed list of all the things in a place
39	SOVEREIGNTY	/'sɒv.rɪn.ti/	the power of a country to control its own government
40	CONSTRUE	/kən'stru:ʃ/	to understand the meaning, especially of other people's actions and statements, in a particular way
41	AUTOMOTIVE	/'ɔ:.tə'məʊ.tɪv/	relating to road vehicles
42	SETTLEMENT	/'set.l.mənt/	an official agreement that finishes an argument.
43	DISSIPATE	/'dɪs.ɪ.pert/	gradually disappear or waste.
44	ZEPHYR	/'zef.ər/	a light wind.
45	FRANCHISEE	/'fræn.tʃaɪ'zi:/	someone who is given or sold a franchise; a right to sell a company's products in a particular area using the company's name.
46	MANUFACTURE	/'mæn.jʊ'fæk.tʃər/	to produce goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines.
47	PHOENIX	/'fi:.nɪks/	in ancient stories, an imaginary bird which set fire to itself every
48	FORGERY	/'fɔ:.dʒər.i/	an illegal copy of a document, painting, etc. or the crime of making such illegal copies
49	REVELATION	/'rev.ə'leɪ.jən/	when something is made known that was secret, or a fact that is made known
50	CHARIOT	/'tʃær.i.ət/	a two-wheeled vehicle that was used in ancient times for racing and fighting and was pulled by a horse.
51	BAFFLE	/'bæf.l/	to cause someone to be completely unable to understand or explain something.
52	CHAUFFEUR	/'ʃəʊ.fər /	someone whose job is to drive a car for a rich or important person.
53	PHENOMENON	/'fə'nɒm.ɪ.nən/	something that exists and can be seen, felt, tasted, etc., especially something which is unusual or interesting.
54	LAUREATE	/'lɔr.i.ət/	a person who has been given a very high honour because of their ability in a subject of study
55	RHAPSODY	/'ræp.sə.di/	a piece of music which has no formal structure and which expresses powerful feelings
56	DIAGNOSIS	/'daɪ.əg'nəʊ.sɪs/	a judgment about what a particular illness or problem is, made after examining it
57	CELSIUS	/'sel.si.əs/	a measurement of temperature
58	TECHNOLOGY	/'tek'nɒl.ə.dʒi/	the application of scientific knowledge for practical purposes
59	BURGLAR	/'bɜ:.glər/	a person who illegally enters buildings and steals things

60	HUSTLE	/ˈhʌs.l/	to make someone move quickly by pushing or pulling them along
61	ECCENTRIC	/ekˈsen.trɪk/	strange or unusual, sometimes in a humorous way
62	TRIBUTE	/ˈtrɪb.ju:t/	something that you say, write or give which shows your respect and admiration for someone, especially on a formal occasion
63	COMRADE	/ˈkɒm.reɪd/	a friend, especially one who you have been involved in difficult or dangerous, usually military, activities with
64	ELABORATE	/ɪˈlæb.ər.ət/	containing a lot of careful detail or many detailed parts
65	MEAGRE	/ˈmi:.gər/ (of	(of amounts or numbers) very small or not enough
66	BOUTIQUE	/buːˈti:k/	a small shop that sells fashionable clothes, shoes, jewellery, etc
67	SCAFFOLD	/ˈskæf.əʊld/	a structure made of scaffolding for workers to stand on when they want to reach high parts of a building
68	VOYAGE	/ˈvɔɪ.ɪdʒ/	a long journey, especially by ship
69	TIRADE	/taɪˈreɪd/	a long angry speech expressing strong disapproval
70	GAWK	/gɔ:k/	to look at something or someone in a stupid or rude way
71	SCHEME	/ski:m/	an officially organised plan or system
72	STRIATED	/straɪˈeɪ.tɪd/	having long thin lines, marks or strips of colour
73	IMPETUS	/ˈɪm.pɪ.təs/	something which makes an activity more energetic or effective
74	INVETERATE	/ɪnˈvet. ə r.ət/	someone who does something very often and cannot stop doing
75	RELEVANT	/ˈrel.ə.vənt/	connected with what is happening or being discussed
76	ABSTEMIOUS	/æbˈsti:.mi.əs/	not doing things which give you pleasure
77	FURORE	/ˈfjʊ.rɔ: r /	a sudden excited or angry reaction to something by a lot of people
78	HECTIC	/ˈhek.tɪk/	full of activity; very busy and fast
79	ADAMANT	/ˈæd.ə.mənt/	unwilling to change an opinion or decision
80	FIEND	/fi:nd/	an evil and cruel person
81	ERRATUM	/ɪˈrɑ:.təm/	a mistake in a printed or written document
82	LACQUER	/ˈlæk.ər/	a liquid which is painted on wood or metal
83	SUBPOENA	/səˈpi:.nə/	to order someone to go to a court of law to answer questions
84	INTERFERE	/ˌɪn.təˈfɪər/	to involve yourself in a situation when your involvement is not wanted or is not helpful
85	DOMINATE	/ˈdɒm.ɪ.neɪt/	to have control over a place or a person
86	ASSIGNMENT	/əˈsaɪn.mənt/	a piece of work given to someone, typically as part of their studies or job.
87	INANE	/ɪˈneɪn/	extremely silly or with no real meaning or importance
88.	ACHIEVEMENT	/əˈtʃi:v.mənt/	something very good and difficult that you have succeeded in doing.
89.	QUIESCENT	/kwiˈes.ənt/	temporarily quiet and not active
90.	DAMPEN	/ˈdæm.pən/	to make something slightly wet
91.	GAMBLE	/ˈgæm.bl/	to do something risky that might result in loss of money or failure, hoping to get money or achieve success

92.	JAUNDICE	/'dʒɔ:n.dɪs/	a serious disease in which substances not usually in the blood cause your skin and the white part of your eyes to turn yellow
93.	LAMENT	/lə'ment/	to express sadness and feeling sorry about something
94.	OBESE	/əʊ'bi:s/	extremely fat
95.	NARRATE	/nə'reɪt/	to tell a story, often by reading aloud from a text, or to describe events as they happen
96.	MAGAZINE	/'mæg.ə'zi:n/	a type of thin book with large pages and a paper cover which contains articles and photographs and is published every week or month
97.	CANDIDATE	/'kæn.dɪ.dət/	a person who is competing to get a job or elected position
98.	PANORAMA	/'pæn.ə'rɑ:mə/	a view of a wide area
99.	IDENTICAL	/aɪ'den.tɪ.kəl/	exactly the same, or very similar
100	JEWELLERY	/'dʒu:əl.ri/	decorative objects worn on your clothes or body which are usually made from valuable metals, such as gold and silver, and precious stones

One word substitution

No	Word	Meaning
1.	Amphibian	animals which live both on land and sea
2.	Audience	a number of people listening to a lecture
3.	Altruist	one, who considers the happiness and well-being of others first
4.	Atheist	a person who does not believe in God
5.	Anthropologist	one, who studies the evolution of mankind
6.	Autocracy	government by one person
7.	Autobiography	the life history of a person written by himself
8.	Amputate	to cut off a part of a person's body which is infected
9.	Amateur	a man who does a thing for pleasure and not as a profession
10.	Astronomer	a person, who studies stars, planets and other heavenly bodies
11.	Astrologer	a person who studies the influence of heavenly bodies on human beings
12.	Anthology	a collection of poems
13.	Agenda	a list of headings of the business to be transacted at a meeting
14.	Anarchist	one, who is out to destroy all governance, law and order
15.	Almanac	an annual calender with positions of stars
16.	Bouquet	a collection of flowers
17.	Chauffeur	one, who is employed to drive a motor car
18.	Curator	a person in charge of a museum
19.	Carnivorous	one, who lives on flesh
20.	Bureaucracy	government by the officials
21.	Choreographer	one, who teaches dancing
22.	Calligraphist	a person, who writes beautiful handwriting
23.	Cardiologist	a person, who is specialist in heart diseases
24.	Cartographer	one, who draws maps
25.	Dormitory	the sleeping rooms with several beds especially in a college or institution
26.	Elegy	a poem of lamentation
27.	Epitaph	words which are inscribed on the grave or the tomb in the memory of the buried
28.	Edible	fit to be eaten
29.	Encyclopedia	a book that contains information on various subjects
30.	Florist	one, who deals-in flowers
31.	Illegible	That which is incapable of being read
32.	Fugitive	one, who runs away from justice or the law
33.	Fragile	easily broken
34.	Feminist	one, who works for the welfare of the women
35.	Granary	a place for grains
36.	Epicure	one, who is devoted to the pleasure of eating and drinking
37.	Fastidious	one, who is very -selective in one's taste
38.	Fanatic or Bigot	one, who is filled with excessive and mistaken enthusiasm in religious matters
39.	Fatal	causing death
40.	Horticulture	the art of cultivating and managing gardens
41.	Herbivorous	one, who lives on herbs
42.	Inevitable	incapable of being avoided
43.	Invincible	one, too strong to be overcome
44.	Indelible	that cannot be erased

44.	Infallible	one, who is free from all mistakes and failures
45.	Invigilator	one, who supervises in the examination hall
46.	Inflammable	liable to catch fire easily
47.	Kennel	a place for dogs
48.	Lexicographer	one, who compiles a dictionary
49.	Linguist	one, who is skilled in foreign languages
50.	Mortuary	a place, where dead bodies are kept for post mortem
51.	Numismatics	the study of coins
52.	Nostalgia	a strong desire to return home, home sickness
53.	Narcotic	a medicine for producing sleep
54.	Optimist	a person who looks at the brighter side of things
55.	Orphanage	a home for orphans
56.	Omnipresent	one, who is present everywhere
57.	Omnipotent	one, who is all powerful
58.	Opaque	that which cannot be seen through
59.	Obituary	Omniscient
60.	Pessimist	a person who looks at the darker side of things
61.	Potable	fit to drink
62.	Post mortem	an examination of dead body
63.	Philanthropist	a lover of mankind
64.	Philatelist	one, who collects stamps
65.	Plagiarism	literary theft or passing off an author's original work as one's own
66.	Polygamy	the practice of marrying more than one wife at a time
67.	Panacea	a remedy for all diseases
68.	Pediatrician	a person, who is specialist in child diseases
69.	Parole	pledge given by a prisoner for temporary release, not to escape
70.	Pedestrian	one, who goes on foot
71.	Portable	that can be carried easily
72.	Somnambulist	a person, who walks in sleep
73.	Sanatorium	a place for the sick to recover health
74.	Utopia	an imaginary perfect social and political system
75.	Volunteer	one, who offers one's services
76.	Versatile	interested in and clever at many different things
77.	Veteran	one, who has a long experience of any occupation
78.	Paleontology	Study of fossils
79.	Parasite	An organism which lives in or on another organisms. Or a person taking undue support from another
80.	Patriot	One who loves own country.
81.	Phobia	An extreme or irrational fear of something
82.	Posthumous	Something occurring or awarded after the death of the originator.
83.	Pugnacity	Tendency to quarrel
84.	Quorum	Fixed number of person that must be present to make proceedings valid.
85.	Redtapism	Too many official formalities.
86.	Scribble	Write hurriedly or carelessly in regard to hand writing.
87.	Sericulture	Breeding of silkworm for silk production.
88.	Soliloquy	Speaking himself when alone

89.	Sterilize	To make free from living germs or bacteria.
90.	Teetotaler	One who does not take alcoholic drinks
91.	Tragedy	A writing or event which end in death or great sorrow.
92.	Unanimous	All of one mind, fully in agreement.
93.	verbose	Expressing in more words than are needed.
94.	Zodiac	A belt of the heavenly bodies divided into equal signs.
95.	Widow	A woman whose husband is dead.
96.	Widower	A man whose wife has died
97.	Aesthetic	A love of beauty
98.	Omnivorous	one, who eats everything
99.	Aquarium	A thing where fishes are kept.
100	Archaeologist	One who studies human antiquities.

Oral - Offline

SYNONYM & ANTONYM

1. Luminous (R)	Radiant	gloomy, dull, dismal, lifeless, unintelligent, drab
2. Peril (J)	Jeopardy	Protection, cover, shelter, security, safety
3. Noble (G)	Grand	Petty, inferior, mean, trivial, poor, cheap, small, lowly
4. Supple (F)	Flexible	Inflexible, rigid, firm, hard, stiff, unyielding, unbending
5. Haughty (A)	Arrogant	Meek, humble, polite, docile, courteous
6. Beseech (I)	Implore	Refuse, disgust
7. Numerous (S)	several	few, scarce, measly, limited, scanty
8. Gratitude (A)	Appreciation	Criticism, depreciation, disregard, neglect
9. Achieve (R)	realise	neglect, miss, forget, stop
10. Circulate (S)	Spread	Gather, collect, accumulate
11. Splendour (M)	magnificence	dullness, insignificance , SIMPLICITY
12. Noxious (H)	Harmful	Harmless, BENEFICIAL, FAVOURABLE , GOOD, HELPFUL
13. Bestial (V)	Vicious	Friendly, good, pure, holy, innocent, virtuous, gentle
14. Appeal (R)	Request	Answer, refusal, reply
15. Progress (G)	GROWTH	DECLINE, DECREASE, FAILURE, HALT , LOSS
16. Feasible (V)	Viable	Impossible, unfeasible, unlikely
17. Tempt (L)	Lure	Hinder, discourage, deter, repulse
18. Bounty (G)	Generosity	Miserly, stingy, meanness, selfish, scanty
19. Observant (V)	Vigilant	Careless, ignorant, heedless, thoughtless, indifferent
20. EMINENT (R)	RENOWNED	common, infamous, ordinary , insignificant , anonymous
21. Inert (D)	Dormant	Active, alert, lively, busy, live
22. Aspire (Y)	Yearn	Detest, loathe, hate, contempt, dislike, scorn
23. Negligible (T)	Trivial	Important, significant, vital, valuable, profound
24. Exultant (D)	Delighted	Sad, depressed, humiliated, dejected, worried,
25. Thorough (I)	Intensive	Moderate, relaxed, cool, easy, casual, mild
26. Ludicrous (R)	Ridiculous	Sober, wise, intelligent, serious, solemn, sensible
27. Seize (G)	grab	unbind, unchain, release, relax
28. Adjourn (P)	postpone	recommence, continue
29. Feeble (W)	Weak	Strong, powerful, tough, muscular, sturdy
30. Timely (C)	Convenient	improper, awkward, unsuitable, inappropriate
31. Sublime (G)	Glorious	Shameful, inglorious, disgraceful, mean,
32. Subdue (V)	Vanquish	Lose, fail, surrender, retreat

33. Evident (O)	obvious	unnoticeable, unknown, indefinite, uncertain
34. Acquit (R)	Release	Arrest, detain, withhold, imprison, hold, confine
35. Fervent (Z)	Zealous	Indifferent, unenthusiastic, idle, torpid, apathetic
36. Hiatus (I)	interval	continuation, continuum, extension
37. Bluff (F)	Feign	Real, true, actual, genuine, authentic, reliable
38. Linger (R)	Remain	Leave, withdraw, depart, exit, retire, desert, abandon
39. Rotten (R)	Rancid	Fresh, new, latest, good, pure
40. Applaud (P)	Praise	Abuse, blame, contempt, disapprove, slander, scorn
41. jealous (e)	envious	pleased, kind, content
42. foster (e)	encourage	discourage, condemn, depress, deter
43. immediate (u)	urgent	moderate, unimportant, unnecessary
44. equal (i)	identical	different, opposite, unequal, unlike, dissimilar
45. several (v)	various	same, similar, individual, one, none, single
46. alter (t)	transform	preserve, stagnate
47. quit (w)	withdraw	remain, stay
48. marginal (n)	negligible	important, major, significant
49. agile (n)	nimble	slow, clumsy, awkward
50. liberation (r)	release	hold, check, gathering
51. compliant (o)	obedient	disobedient, rebellious, insolent, obstinate
52. try (a)	attempt	success, certainty, laziness
53. permit (s)	sanction	refusal, disapproval, prevention
54. use (B)	benefit	loss, misfortune, disadvantage, harm
55. frail (w)	weak	strong, firm
56. summit (z)	zenith	bottom, nadir, base
57. vanity (p)	pride	humility
58. prevention (p)	prohibition	allowance, clearance, permission
59. acquire (o)	obtain	lose, sacrifice, forsake, forfeit
60. significant (n)	notable	ordinary, insignificant, unimportant, commonplace
61. reliance (t)	trust	distrust, disbelief
62. fierce (w)	wild	gentle, civilised, delicate, tame,
63. regular (u)	usual	irregular, unusual, abnormal, uncommon
64. shrewd (w)	wise	foolish, stupid, ignorant, silly, unwise
65. liberty (i)	independence	dependence, subordination
66. Precise (C)	Correct	wrong, false, incorrect, inaccurate
67. perish (w)	wither	grow, bloom
68. recover (H)	heal	harm, hurt, injure

69. appropriate (s)	suitable	unsuitable, improper, inappropriate, irrelevant
70. dubious (H)	hesitant	certain, definite, sure, resolute
71. Fancy (E)	Elegant	Crude, rough, ugly, unrefined
72. ADORABLE (D)	Desirable	Bad , disgusting, unattractive, undesirable
73. SWIFT (F)	Fast	Slow , unhurried, plodding,
74. ELEGANT (C)	Classic	Atypical, unusual, abnormal, different
75. QUIANT (P)	Peculiar	Common, general, unimportant, similar
76. VAST (H)	Huge	Minute, small, tiny, dwarf
77. ABSORB (S)	Swallow	Abstain, hold, keep, expel
78. CAPTURE (A)	Arrest	Freedom, release, liberation, rise
79. CROOKED (T)	Twisted	Straight, untwisted, clear, simple
80. ABUSE (I)	Injustice	Fairness, right, justice, obedience
81. ODD (D)	Different	Alike, like, similar, uniform
82. VANISH (F)	Fade	Arrive, brighten, recover, appear
83. COURTEOUS (C)	Cultured	Ignorant, stupid, inexperienced, unsophisticated
84. VITAL (C)	CRUCIAL	MINOR, OPTIONAL, TRIVIAL, SECONDARY
85. EMPTY (B)	Barren	Full, fertile, useful, productive
86. BRIEF (C)	Concise	Expansive, lengthy, long, wordy
87. GIGANTIC (M)	MASSIVE	COMMON, LIMITED, LITTLE, MINUTE
88. FASTEN (A)	Attach	Detach, loosen, disconnect, untie
89. IMMENSE (E)	Enormous	Insignificant, little, small, minute
90. GATHER (A)	ASSEMBLE	DISTRIBUTE, DISPERSE, SCATTER, SPREAD
91. Tender (Y)	YOUNG	OLD, ADULT , MATURE, EXPERIENCED
92. AWAKE (V)	VIGILANT	CARELESS, RASH, INDISCREET
93. ANCIENT (A)	Antique	Modern, new, present
94. HARSH (A)	Arduous	Easy, facile, motivating
95. HOLLOW (E)	Empty	Full, filled, entire, complete
96. PROUD (A)	Arrogant	Humble, meek, shy, modest
97. IDEAL (F)	Flawless	Flawed, damaged, imperfect, disfigured
98. ACCUMULATE [H]	HOARD	LESSEN, DECREASE, SCATTER, WASTE
99. CAPTURE [I]	IMPRISONMENT	LIBERATION, FREEDOM, RELEASE
100. RIGHTEOUS [V]	VIRTUOUS	BAD, WICKED, SINFUL, DISHONEST

Root Words

General Roots and Prefixes

NO	Root Word	Meaning	Examples
1.	aero	air	aerobics, aerodynamics, aeronautics, aerate
2.	agr	Field	agriculture, agrarian, agronomy, agribusiness
3.	acro	high, tip, top	acrobat, acrophobia, acronym
4.	alt	High	altitude, altimeter, alto
5.	ali, allo, alter	other	alter, alternate, alternative, altercation, alias, alibi, alien, alloy
6.	Ambi	Both	Ambivalence
7.	Amphi,	around, both	amphitheater, ambidextrous, ambiguous
8.	ann, enn	a year	annual, anniversary, annuity, biennial, millennium
9.	anthropo	Man	anthropology, misanthrope, philanthropy
10.	anti-	Against	antisocial, antiseptic, antithesis, antibody,
11.	Aqua	Water	aquatic, aquaculture, aquarium, aquamarine, aquifer
12.	aster/astra	Star	Astrology, astrophysics, astronaut, astronomy, disaster
13.	audi	Hear	audience, auditory, audible, auditorium
14.	auto-	Self	automobile, automatic, autograph, autonomous
15.	bell	War	antebellum, bellicose, rebel
16.	bene-	Good,well	benefactor, beneficial, benevolent, benefit
17.	Biblio	book	bibliography, Bible
18.	bio	Life	biology, biography, biochemistry, biopsy, biosphere
19.	brev	Small, short	brevity, abbreviate
20.	calor	heat	calorie, caloric, calorimeter
21.	chron	Time	chronology, chronic, chronicle, chronometer, anachronism
22.	cide, cis	to kill, to cut	fratricide, suicide, incision, excision, pesticide
23.	circum-	Around	circumstance, circumcision, circumference, circulatory
24.	con, com	Add, with, together, completely	concatenate, conjoin, combine, convert
25.	cosm	universe;	cosmonaut, cosmos, cosmopolitan, microcosm

26.	cracy	rule	democracy, theocrat, technocracy
27.	cred	to believe	credible, credence, credit, creed
28.	civ	citizen	civic, civil, civilian, civilization
29.	dei, div	God, god	divinity, divine, deity
30.	Dem(os)	People	democracy, demagogue, epidemic, demographic
31.	dent, dont	tooth	dental, denture, orthodontist, periodontal
32.	derma	Skin	hypodermic, dermatology, epidermis, taxidermy
33.	dia	through, across, between	diameter, diagonal, dialogue, dialect, diagnosis,
34.	don, donat	give	donation, donor, pardon, donate
35.	dorm	sleep	dormant, dormitory
36.	ego	I, self	ego, egomaniac, egocentric,
37.	intra-	Within, into	intramural, intramuscular
38.	intro-	in, into	Introvert
39.	Kosmos	the world (cosmos)	cosmology, cosmopolitan
40.	lab (L):	work	labor, laboratory, collaborate, elaborate
41.	lexis	word	lexicon, lexicography, lexicographer
42.	liber	Free	liberty, liberal, liberalize, deliverance
43.	liter	letters	literary, literature, literal, alliteration, obliterate
44.	<i>Loc(us)</i>	place, area	location, local, dislocate, allocate
45.	log/logue	word/thought	catalogue, logic
46.	Logos	word, study , Speech	catalog, prologue, dialogue, logogram
47.	luc	Light	translucent, luminary, luster
48.	Luna	moon	lunar,
49.	macro-	Large	macrocosm, macron, macroscopic
50.	Magnus	Great, big	magnanimous, magnify, magnificent, magnitude
51.	man(u)	Hand, make, do	manufacture, manual, manuscript, manipulate
52.	mania	obsession	maniac, Beatlemania
53.	Mare	the sea	marine, submarine, mariner, maritime
54.	mega	great, million	megaphone, megalith, megacycle
55.	<i>mem</i>	recall, remember	memorial
56.	micro-	Small	microscope, microcosm, microbiology
57.	mid	middle	midnight, midway, midsummer, midyear

58.	migra	change, move	migrate, immigrant, emigrate, migratory
59.	<i>min</i>	little, small	minimum, mini
60.	mono	One, alone	monotheism, monograph
61.	multi-	Many	multitude, multipartite, multiply, multipurpose
62.	nat	born	natal, native, nation, nativity, innate
63.	neg	No	Negative, negation
64.	neo-/nov	New	neologism, neonate, neoclassic, novitiate, neon
65.	Nomos	Law	autonomy, astronomy, gastronomy, economy
66.	non-, un-	Not	nonprofit, nonsense, unnatural, unmanned
67.	numer	number	numeral, numeration, enumerate, innumerable
68.	omni	All	omnipotent, omnipresent, omnivorous
69.	op/oper	Work	operation, cooperate, opus
70.	ortho	Straight	orthodox, , orthopedist, orthography
71.	path	disease, feeling	pathology, sympathy, empathy, antipathy, pathos
72.	pater	father	paternal, paternity, patricide
73.	<i>pend, pond:</i>	to hang, weigh	pendant, pendulum, suspend, appendage
74.	Ped (Greek) Ped (latin)	Child Foot	pedagogy, pediatrician, encyclopedia pedal, pedestrian, biped, pedestal
75.	phobia, phobos	fear	phobia, claustrophobia, acrophobia, ergophobia,
76.	philo	Love	philosophy, philanthropist, philharmonic, Anglophile
77.	phon	Sound	phonetic , phonograph, symphony, telephone
78.	photo	Light	photosynthesis, photography , telephoto, photogenic
79.	poly-	Many	polytheist, polygon, polygamy
80.	Poli	City	metropolis, cosmopolitan, police, political
81.	post-	After	postmortem, postwar, post modern
82.	pseudo	False	pseudonym, pseudo-classical, pseudo-intellectual
83.	psych	Mind	psychology, psyche, psychopath, psychiatrist
84.	pyro	Fire	pyrotechnic
85.	sol	Alone	sole, soliloquy, solitaire, solitude
86.	string, strict	draw tight	stringent, strict, restrict, constrict, boa constrictor
87.	struct	Build	construct, destruction, structure, instruct, obstruct,
88.	sub	under, below	submerge, submarine, substandard, subvert,

			subdivision
89.	sume	take, use	consume, assume
90.	tact	Touch	tactile, intact, contact, tact
91.	tele-	Far off, distance, from afar	telepathy, telegraph, television, telephone,
92.	<i>term</i>	end, boundary, limit	exterminate
93.	Terra	the earth	terrestrial, territory, terrain, terrace
94.	theo, the	God	theology, theist, polytheist, pantheism, atheist
95.	Therm (o)	Heat	thermal, thermometer, thermocouple
96.	tox	poison	toxic, intoxicate, antitoxin
97.	urb	City	urban, suburb, urbane, suburban
98.	vac	Empty	vacant, vacation, vacuum, evacuate, vacate
99.	vita	Life	vital, vitality, vitamins, revitalize
100	zoo	Animal	zoology, zodiac, zoomorphism

Written Rounds

PHONIMIC AWARENESS

Write the correct word of the given script using the clue given.

No	Script	Meaning	Word
1.	/ˈsɔː.sər.ər/	in stories, a man who has magical powers and who uses them to harm other people	SORCERER
2.	/ˈdʒɒk.jʊ.lər/	funny or intended to make someone laugh	JOCULAR
3.	/ˈek.sə.saɪz/	to do physical activities to make your body strong and healthy	EXERCISE
4.	/ˈkɪn.dl/	to cause a fire to start burning by lighting paper, wood, etc	KINDLE
5.	/rɪˈstrɪkt/	put a limit on; keep under control	RESTRICT
6.	/dɪˈlɪʃ.əs/	having a very pleasant taste or smell	DELICIOUS
7.	/maɪˈɡreɪt/	move from one country or region to another and settle there	MIGRATE
8.	/ˈhæb.ɪ.tæt/	the natural environment in which an animal or plant usually lives	HABITAT
9.	/ədˈmaɪər/	to find someone or something attractive and pleasant to look at	ADMIRE
10	/ˈdʒɜː.kɪ/	quick and sudden	JERKY
1.	/ˈræb.l/	a large noisy uncontrolled group of people	
2.	/ɪˈmædʒ.ɪ.nə.tɪv/	new, original, and clever	
3.	/ˈsɪm.plɪ.fai/	to make something less complicated and therefore easier to do or understand	
4.	/ɪn.fən.si/	the time when someone is a baby or a very young child	
5.	/ˈmiːzli/	too small in size or amount	
6.	/pəˈfɔːməns/	how successful an investment, company, etc. is and how much profit it makes	
7.	/ˈɡləʊ.s.i/	smooth and shiny	
8.	/pəʊk/	to push a finger or other pointed object quickly into someone or something	
9.	/ɪkˈspæns/	a large, open area of land, sea, or sky	
10	/ˈmæn.ɪ.dʒər/	the person who is responsible for controlling an organisation	
11.	/ˈvaɪ.təl/	necessary for the success or continued existence of something; extremely important	
12.	/ˌɡær.ənˈtiː/	a promise that something will be done or will happen, especially a written promise by a company to repair	
13.	/ˈæd.mɪ.rə.bl/	deserving respect or approval	
14.	/ˈres.kjuː/	to help someone or something out of a dangerous, harmful, or unpleasant situation	

15	/rɪ'zju:m/	if an activity starts again after a pause	
16	/'tʃæl.ɪndʒ/	(the situation of being faced with) something that needs great mental or physical effort in order to be done successfully and therefore tests a person's ability	
17	/'stju:.di.əs/	describes someone who enjoys studying or spends a lot of time studying	
18	/'dʒʌŋ.gl/	a tropical forest in which trees and plants grow very closely together	
19	/'fju:.ʒən/	an occasion when two or more things join or are combined	
20	/ɪn'hɑ:ns/	to improve the quality, amount, or strength of something	
21	/'ɑ:g.ju:/	to speak angrily to someone, telling them that you disagree with them	
22	/'mi:.ti.ɔ:r/	a piece of rock or other matter from space that produces a bright light as it travels through the Earth's atmosphere	
23	/'bɒr.əʊ/	to get or receive something from someone with the intention of giving it back after a period of time	
24	/fɒlt/	a mistake, especially something for which you are to blame	
25	/'væk.ju:m/	a space from which most or all of the air, gas or other material has been removed or is not present	
26	/sə'kʌm/	to accept defeat	
27	/'nes.l/	to rest yourself or part of your body in a warm, comfortable and protected position	
28	/ɪg'nɔ:r/	to intentionally not listen or give attention to	
29	/ləʊndʒ/	the room in a house or apartment that is used for relaxing, and entertaining guests	
30	/'traɪ.əmpf/	a very great success, achievement or victory	
31	/swɔ:m/	a large group of insects all moving together	
32	/'el.ɪ.veɪt/	to raise something or lift something up	
33	/pə'leɪ.jəl/	describes a house that is very large and splendid	
34	/və'lu:.mɪ.nəs/	a writing which is very lengthy and detailed	
35	/brɪ'stəʊ/	to give something as an honour or present	
36	/ə'sɒlt/	a violent attack	
37	/'kwɪə.ri/	a question, often expressing doubt about something or looking for an answer from an	
38	/waɪn/	to make a long, high, sad sound	
39	/kən'vi:n/	to arrange a meeting	
40	/'pædʒ.ənt/	any colourful and splendid show or ceremony	
41	/ɪg'zɔ:st/	to make someone extremely tired	
42	/pə'rf.ər.i/	the outer edge of an area	
43	/wɪəd/	very strange and unusual, unexpected or not natural	
44	/'kweɪ.vər/	to sound shaky, especially because of emotion	
45	/'æŋk .ʃəs/	worried and nervous	
46	/pɜ:tʃ/	to sit on or near the edge of something	

47	/bli:t/	a high, shaking sound of an animal	
48	/graʊl/	to make a low rough sound, usually in anger	
49	/θɔ:/	to change from a solid, frozen state to a liquid or soft one, because of an increase in temperature	
50	/si:z/	to take something quickly and keep or hold it	
51	/'mʌd.l/	an untidy or confused state	
52	/ə' bʌn.dənt/	more than enough	
53	/br'zɑ:r/	very strange and unusual	
54	/'kwɜ:.ki/	unusual in an attractive and interesting way	
55	/'hær.əs/	to continue to annoy or upset someone over a period of time	
56	/prə'kjʊər/	to get something, especially after an effort	
57	/ə'kɜ:r/	to happen	
58	/rɪ'stɔ:r/	to return something or someone to an earlier good condition or position	
59	/ə'sent/	when someone or something climbs or moves upwards	
60	/'gæl.ənt/	showing no fear of dangerous or difficult things	
61	/'ræn.dəm/	happening, done or chosen by chance rather than according to a plan	
62	/'li:.θəl/	extremely dangerous	
63	/ə'krɪl.ɪk/	made of a substance or cloth produced by chemical processes from a type of acid	
64	/'fi:.zə.bl/	able to be made, done or achieved	
65	/'dɔ:en/	the oldest, most experienced, and often most respected person of all the people involved in a particular type of work	
66	/'kri:.dənts/	the belief that something is true	
67	/'bu:.gi/	to dance to pop music	
68	/'pæl.ət/	a thin board used by an artist to mix their paints on while they are painting	
69	/'deb.ri:/	broken or torn pieces of something larger	
70	/'li:.dʒən/	a large group of soldiers who form a part of an army	
71	/'plæs.ɪd/	having a calm appearance or characteristics	
72	/'di:.kɔɪ/	a person or thing used to beguile or lead someone into danger	
73	/'nɒv.ɪs/	a person who is not experienced in a job or situation	
74	/'θʌr.ə/	detailed and careful	
75	/feɪn/	to pretend to feel something, usually an emotion	
76	/ɪn'saɪt/	to provoke and urge on	
77	/ledʒ/	a narrow shelf which sticks out from a vertical surface	
78	/slaʊtʃ/	stand, move, or sit in a lazy, drooping way	
79	/hɔ:d/	a large amount of something that someone has saved and hidden	
80	/ɪk'spend/	to use or spend time, effort, or money	
81	/'ɔ:.gər/	to be a sign of especially good or bad things in the	

		future	
82	/ˈpɒs.ə.bl/	able to be done or achieved, or able to exist	
83	/li:g/	a collection of people, countries, or groups that combine for mutual protection or cooperation	
84	/ˈɪn.fənt/	a baby or a very young child	
85	/ˈmæs.ɪv/	very large in size, amount, or number	
86	/əbˈteɪn/	to get something by asking for it	
87	/sɪnˈsɪər/	not pretending or lying; honest	
88	/ˈpɔː.ʃən/	a part or share of something larger	
89	/prəˈvaɪd/	to give someone something that they need	
90	/spəˈsɪf.ɪk/	relating to one thing and not others; particular	
91	/ˈɪn.flu.əns/	to affect or change how someone or something develops, behaves, or thinks	
92	/ləʊˈkeɪ.ʃən/	a place or position	
93	/trænzˈmɪt/	to pass something from one person or place to another	
94	/ɪkˈsept/	not including; but not	
95	/ˈwɑː.dən/	to become larger or to include a larger amount or number	
96	/ˈfɒl.əʊ/	to move behind someone or something and go where they go	
97	/ˈsɒl.əm/	serious and without any humour	
98	/ɪˈsti:m/	respect for or a good opinion of someone	
99	/əbˈsɜːd/	stupid and unreasonable, or silly in a humorous way	
10	/ɪkˈsplɔːr/	to search and discover	

Phonemic Awareness

1. RABBLE
2. IMAGINATIVE
3. SIMPLIFY
4. INFANCY
5. MEASLY
6. PERFORMANCE
7. GLOSSY
8. POKE
9. EXPANSE
10. MANAGER
11. VITAL
12. GUARANTEE
13. ADMIRABLE
14. RESCUE
15. RESUME
16. CHALLENGE
17. STUDIOUS
18. JUNGLE
19. FUSION
20. ENHANCE
21. ARGUE
22. METEOR
23. BORROW
24. FAULT
25. VACUUM
26. SUCCUMB
27. NESTLE
28. IGNORE
29. LOUNGE
30. TRIUMPH
31. SWARM
32. ELEVATE
33. PALATIAL
34. VOLUMINOUS
35. BESTOW
36. ASSAULT
37. QUERY
38. WHINE
39. CONVENE
40. PAGEANT
41. EXHAUST
42. PERIPHERY
43. WEIRD

- | | | | | | |
|-----|----------|-----|----------|------|-----------|
| 44. | QUAVER | 63. | ACRYLIC | 82. | POSSIBLE |
| 45. | ANXIOUS | 64. | FEASIBLE | 83. | LEAGUE |
| 46. | PERCH | 65. | DOYEN | 84. | INFANT |
| 47. | BLEAT | 66. | CREDENCE | 85. | MASSIVE |
| 48. | GROWL | 67. | BOOGIE | 86. | OBTAIN |
| 49. | THAW | 68. | PALETTE | 87. | SINCERE |
| 50. | SEIZE | 69. | DEBRIS | 88. | PORTION |
| 51. | MUDDLE | 70. | LEGION | 89. | PROVIDE |
| 52. | ABUNDANT | 71. | PLACID | 90. | SPECIFIC |
| 53. | BIZARRE | 72. | DECOY | 91. | INFLUENCE |
| 54. | QUIRKY | 73. | NOVICE | 92. | LOCATION |
| 55. | HARASS | 74. | THOROUGH | 93. | TRANSMIT |
| 56. | PROCURE | 75. | FEIGN | 94. | EXCEPT |
| 57. | OCCUR | 76. | INCITE | 95. | WIDEN |
| 58. | RESTORE | 77. | LEDGE | 96. | FOLLOW |
| 59. | ASCENT | 78. | SLOUCH | 97. | SOLEMN |
| 60. | GALLANT | 79. | HOARD | 98. | ESTEEM |
| 61. | RANDOM | 80. | EXPEND | 99. | ABSURD |
| 62. | LETHAL | 81. | AU GUR | 100. | EXPLORE |

Jumbled letters

The words given here are scrambled. Rearrange the letters to form proper words.

NO	WORD	MEANING	WORD
1.	EDLZZIR	rain in very small, light drops	DRIZZLE
2.	RAKEPLS	to shine brightly with a lot of small points of light	SPARKLE
3.	LETENG	calm, kind, or soft	GENTLE
4.	EITSU	a set of connected rooms, especially in a hotel	SUITE
5.	RXUYLU	great comfort, especially as provided by expensive and beautiful things	LUXURY
6.	TERBTU	a pale yellow solid food containing a lot of fat that is made from cream	BUTTER
7.	RCSAF	a strip, square, or triangle of cloth, worn around the neck, head, or shoulders	SCARF
8.	RAIAYP	a place where bees are kept	APIARY
9.	PEYLR	to answer	REPLY
10.	ALWLO	to give permission	ALLOW
1.	RLYEHTGA	having little energy; feeling unwilling and unable to do anything	
2.	NIDWLED	to become smaller in size or amount, or fewer in number	
3.	NIFTORT HG	a period of two weeks	
4.	MIBELN	quick and exact either in movement or thoughts	
5.	MELMBE	a picture of an object which is used to represent a particular person, group or idea	
6.	DRGATUITE	showing or expressing thanks, especially to another person	
7.	WLIBREED	to confuse someone	
8.	OILESHT	unfriendly and not liking or agreeing with something	
9.	RPLLAU	a word or form which expresses more than one	
10.	DNRTEO	any of various small mammals with large sharp front teeth, such as mice and rats	
11.	ARTULNE	not saying or doing anything that would encourage or help any of the groups involved in an argument or war	
12.	LIPMEGS	to see something or someone for a very short time or only partly	
13.	EUUNQI	being the only existing one of its type or, more generally, unusual or special in some way	
14.	CTREU	a short interruption in a war or argument, or an agreement to stop fighting or arguing for a period of time	
15.	SNVHIA	to disappear or stop being present or existing, especially in a sudden, surprising way	
16.	VGSEAA	extremely violent, wild or frightening	
17.	MTSEEE	respect for or a good opinion of someone	
18.	CRSP EEI	exact and accurate	
19.	RNGHTO	a crowd or large group of people	
20.	STMCOU	a belief which has been established for a long time	

21.	MBAINECE	the character of a place or the quality it seems to have	
22.	GNJLEI	to make a repeated gentle ringing sound, or to make things do this	
23.	SLNTEI	long pieces of thin shiny material used as decoration, especially at Christmas	
24.	SAJEMTC	beautiful, powerful or causing great admiration and respect	
25.	MENEMSI	extremely large in size or degree	
26.	LEGENT	calm, kind or soft	
27.	LAOYR	belonging or connected to a king or queen or a member of their family	
28.	LIFETER	describes land that can produce a large number of good quality crops	
29.	AADNTMA	unwilling to change an opinion or decision	
30.	VLITALEO	likely to change suddenly and unexpectedly	
31.	EETRNLA	lasting forever	
32.	NQOCURE	to take control or possession of foreign land, or a group of people, by force	
33.	VETRPNE	to stop something from happening	
34.	RNEEGY	the power and ability to be physically and mentally active	
35.	ALERGRU	happening or doing something often	
36.	SLDEOM	almost never	
37.	UOGHR	not even or smooth	
38.	SRMIEY	great unhappiness	
39.	LHBEMU	not proud or not believing that you are important	
40.	NRPUDET	avoiding risks and uncertainties	
41.	UGYAD	tastelessly bright or showy	
42.	BHRAO	detest	
43.	ARAVGE	do great damage	
44.	NUQIEU	being the only existing one of its type or, more generally, unusual or special in some way	
45.	VLNCIIIA	a person who is not in the army, navy, air force or the police force	
46.	GNLTEEA	graceful and attractive	
47.	CSRPHUAE	to buy	
48.	ROGWL	make a low hostile sound	
49.	OMFA	mass of small bubbles	
50.	RNUGT	make a low sound	
51.	HSDUERD	shake violently	
52.	TSMPO	tread heavily	
53.	GALEM	shine brightly	
54.	IEOXCT	strikingly unusual	
55.	ISSGAN	give a task to	
56.	VAEDE	avoid doing	
57.	BEGILEU	charm or trick	
58.	ERMUBGL	complain in a bad tempered way	
59.	NAACRYH	complete disorder	

60.	SSAALTU	violent attack	
61.	OTBAS	talk with excessive pride	
62.	HWSDRE	having a good judgement	
63.	GLNTVIAA	alert to possible danger	
64.	DRPNOE	to think carefully about something	
65.	EQUCNH	satisfy thirst	
66.	RPMIVOE	make better	
67.	CSRPEEI	exact and accurate	
68.	DNVTEEI	easily seen or understood	
69.	GRUEA	to speak angrily and disagree with someone	
70.	CRHRDOA	an area of land where fruit trees (but not orange trees or other citrus trees) are grown	
71.	TQOUE	to repeat the words that someone else has said or written	
72.	FNRIEE	to make something pure or improve something	
73.	STSAE	Property in general, regarded as applicable to the payment of debts.	
74.	LRCSHOA	a person who studies a subject in great detail	
75.	LSBHIOA	to end an activity or custom officially	
76.	MRXTEEE	very large in amount or degree	
77.	RLMAU	a large picture that has been painted on the wall of a room or building	
78.	TTPRNUAOEI	the opinion that people in general have about someone or something	
79.	RCMLAEI	any very surprising and unexpected event	
80.	HGWNIE	to complain, especially about something which does not seem important	
81.	XBFLEIE	able to change or be changed easily according to the situation	
82.	NGLUEO	the room in a house or apartment that is used for relaxing	
83.	GNRTHO	a crowd or large group of people	
84.	SNUIIEC	a style of cooking	
85.	SRNGHAI	to decorate food with a small amount of different food	
86.	PSMULIE	a sudden strong wish to do something	
87.	NNPPOOTE	a person who disagrees with something and speaks against it or tries to change it	
88.	RMMYSUA	a short clear description that gives the main facts	
89.	CCTTRAHIE	a person whose job is to design new buildings	
90.	TCSBALEO	something that blocks your movement or action	
91.	CHTADSIP	to send something, especially goods or a message, somewhere for a particular purpose	
92.	MAPCIGAN	to organise a series of activities to try to achieve something	
93.	SEUUNCL	the central part of an atom, usually made up of protons and neutrons	
94.	MNTIEXREPE	a test done in order to learn something or to discover whether something works or is true	
95.	SMEOPIOCRC	a device that uses lenses to make very small objects look	

		larger, so that they can be scientifically examined and studied	
96.	PLTAIUNM	an extremely valuable metal that is silvery in colour, used in jewellery and in industry	
97.	CBRAELTE	a piece of jewellery which is worn around the wrist or arm	
98.	UROAHRB	an area of water next to the coast, often protected from the sea by a thick wall, where ships and boats can shelter	
99.	SITDSRSE	a feeling of extreme worry, sadness or pain	
100.	ETSQRUE	when you politely or officially ask for something	

Jumbled letters Answers

- | | | |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. LETHARGY | 29. ADAMANT | 57. BEGUILE |
| 2. DWINDLE | 30. VOLATILE | 58. GRUMBLE |
| 3. FORTNIGHT | 31. ETERNAL | 59. ANARCHY |
| 4. NIMBLE | 32. CONQUER | 60. ASSAULT |
| 5. EMBLEM | 33. PREVENT | 61. BOAST |
| 6. GRATITUDE | 34. ENERGY | 62. SHREWD |
| 7. BEWILDER | 35. REGULAR | 63. VIGILANT |
| 8. HOSTILE | 36. SELDOM | 64. PONDER |
| 9. PLURAL | 37. ROUGH | 65. QUENCH |
| 10. RODENT | 38. MISERY | 66. IMPROVE |
| 11. NEUTRAL | 39. HUMBLE | 67. PRECISE |
| 12. GLIMPSE | 40. PRUDENT | 68. EVIDENT |
| 13. UNIQUE | 41. GAUDY | 69. ARGUE |
| 14. TRUCE | 42. ABHOR | 70. ORCHARD |
| 15. VANISH | 43. RAVAGE | 71. QUOTE |
| 16. SAVAGE | 44. UNIQUE | 72. REFINE |
| 17. ESTEEM | 45. CIVILIAN | 73. ASSET |
| 18. PRECISE | 46. ELEGANT | 74. SCHOLAR |
| 19. THROG | 47. PURCHASE | 75. ABOLISH |
| 20. CUSTOM | 48. GROWL | 76. EXTREME |
| 21. AMBIENCE | 49. FOAM | 77. MURAL |
| 22. JINGLE | 50. GRUNT | 78. REPUTATION |
| 23. TINSEL | 51. SHUDDER | 79. MIRACLE |
| 24. MAJESTIC | 52. STOMP | 80. WHINGE |
| 25. IMMENSE | 53. GLEAM | 81. FLEXIBLE |
| 26. GENTLE | 54. EXOTIC | 82. LOUNGE |
| 27. ROYAL | 55. ASSIGN | 83. THROG |
| 28. FERTILE | 56. EVADE | 84. CUISINE |

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|-----|-----------|-----|------------|------|----------|
| 85. | GARNISH | 91. | DISPATCH | 97. | BRACELET |
| 86. | IMPULSE | 92. | CAMPAIGN | 98. | HARBOUR |
| 87. | OPPONENT | 93. | NUCLEUS | 99. | DISTRESS |
| 88. | SUMMARY | 94. | EXPERIMENT | 100. | REQUEST |
| 89. | ARCHITECT | 95. | MICROSCOPE | | |
| 90. | OBSTACLE | 96. | PLATINUM | | |

PHRASAL VERBS

Complete the phrasal verbs using the clues given in brackets.

1. He broke _____ while his parents were having a fight. [to interrupt]
 2. After the dismissal, he turned _____ the supervisor. [to go bad against someone]
 3. Even though we waited for a long time, he did not turn _____. [to arrive somewhere]
 4. The fire force tried hard to put _____ the fire. [extinguish]
 5. Antony turned _____ the pages to find an interesting story. [to move something so that you can see the other side]
 6. I feel that everything will turn _____ fine one day. [to happen in a particular way]
 7. Mary Catherine looked _____ her old mother with great patience. [nursed]
 8. The cricket match was put _____ due to heavy rain. [Postponed]
 9. Many do not get _____ the books they lend others. [to return to a place or position]
 10. His careless driving brought _____ the accident. [to cause something]
- My mother gets _____ very early in the morning. [wake up]
12. The main gate was closed, so we got _____ through the back gate. [to enter]
 13. Jeffry went _____ his friend's office yesterday. [visited]
 14. The efficient manager is able to get _____ the problems created by the employee [to find solution]
 15. The meeting _____ on for three hours. [continued]
 16. The cap seller took _____ his hat to tempt the monkey. [remove]
 17. I got _____ up with his tedious talk. [bored or annoyed with]
 18. His failure in the business _____ him down completely. [to be mentally ill]
 19. They need a new stenographer to take _____ the speech of the minister. [write down]
 20. The small child too _____ the new remote control car. [separate something into pieces]
 21. You can walk _____ a job easily, if you are efficient. [to get work very easily]

The old lady laid _____ some money for her grand child's marriage. [to keep something in reserve to use later]

23. Many villages have been _____ off due to heavy floods. [to separate from something]

24. Peter advised him to open _____ and share his problems with his close friend, so that he may feel relieved. [to speak without hiding anything]

25. We never expected that granny could catch _____ the new mobile so fast. [develop understanding or knowledge of something]

26. It took him several months to get _____ the injuries. [to get well after an illness]

27. The schools try their best to turn _____ good results. [to produce]

28. Vasco-da-Gama _____ off to find out a new sea route. [start a journey]

29. She can get _____ in Delhi as she is very fluent in Hindi. [to deal with a difficult situation]

30. The new car broke _____ the very next day it was bought. [to stop working]

31. People in the remote area found it difficult to get _____ with the scarcity of water.

The power went _____ suddenly while the programmes were going on. [stopped]

33. The examiner went _____ the answer sheets very carefully. [to examine]

34. The officer wished the team to _____ on their brilliant performance this season too. [continue]

35. Robert decided to fight _____ to attain what all he lost. [to defend and get back what you lost]

36. The poem 'The Enchanted Shirt' _____ of a king searching for a happy man. [to describe the details of an event]

37. Some thieves broke _____ the house when all went out shopping. [to enter into a building illegally]

38. Jenny _____ at getting a very high score in the competitive exam. [to try to achieve]

39. He _____ for a parker pen as a present. [request to have]

40. The one month Personality Development class winds _____ today. [come to an end]
41. Everyone _____ in to make Harry's send off party a grand success. [helped]
42. Dynamites were used to _____ up the bank vault. [explode]
43. Only my best friend _____ me up when I decided to join the army. [support]
44. The marathon was getting interesting when the champion began to _____ up with the leader. [get to the same point as]
45. The manager asked the customer to do _____ with his old ATM card. [discard]
46. My teacher _____ out the wrong answers on the sheet. [draw a line across]
47. Jason _____ up with a fractured leg following his bike accident. [eventually concluded]
48. The keys must have _____ out of his pocket while he was playing in the park. [unfasten]
49. Shirley really _____ after her mother when it comes to her enchanting personality. [resembles]
50. Everybody knows Tim is a bit of a _____ off displaying all his fancy gadgets. [brag or want to be admired]
52. This is an excellent chance for you to excel in your field. So, just take your time to _____ it over. [consider]
53. My mother always _____ around the mall before she settles on anything she wants to buy. [compare prices]
54. By the second day of the trekking, we had _____ out of water and was beginning to feel thirsty. [have no more]
55. Anson had promised to _____ me back the thousand rupees by Sunday evening. [reimburse / refund]
56. I seemed to have _____ up the accounts in all this confusion. Is there any way to set things right now? [mistake one thing for another]
57. Rose has to get _____ with her colleagues in her office if she hopes to get a promotion. [be on good terms]
58. David has to _____ on his career now by avoiding his other distractions. [concentrate]

59. The politician continued with his speech after the applause _____ down. [calm down]
60. This necklace has been _____ down in our family for generations. [give something used to someone else]
61. Fred never shares his problems with anyone and likes to _____ with them on his own. [handle]
- The nurses at last called _____ their strike when the management agreed to consider their demands. [cancel or abandon]
63. The new principal has brought _____ many changes in the school. [cause to happen or implement]
64. Government should take steps to _____ down the price of petrol. [to make something lower in price]
65. I looked _____ the files carefully. [examine]
66. He got _____ without any injury in the bomb blast. [escape]
67. I cannot put _____ with his arrogance. [tolerate]
68. Many accidents have come _____ in this region. [take place]
69. The new season of the Indian Premier League fell _____. [met with a cold reception]
70. He _____ over the lessons once again before the examination. [study]
71. He agreed to carry _____ our plans. [execute]
- We must try our best to do _____ with the dowry system. [abolish]
73. LSRW _____ for Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing. [represent]
74. Now you can work _____ the problems given in the textbook. [solve]
75. Settle _____! We shall start the discussion soon. [become calm and quite]
76. We were excited when our bus pulled _____. [started moving]
77. If you wish, you can opt _____ at this juncture. [decide to stop being involved in something]
78. I didn't mean to hurt you. It just _____ out. [accidentally say something]
79. Let us _____ in to CNN. There is an interesting programme now. [listen to a TV/ radio programme]
80. Her world revolves _____ her husband and child. [to have something as most important part]

81. The relationship between me and my friend broke _____ in great mix-up. (come to an end)
82. A fire broke _____ in the factory. Fortunately, all the workers were evacuated safely. (appear suddenly)
83. The CBI carried _____ the investigation of the murder case. (do something that you have been ordered)
84. The management brought _____ new system of administration. (introduce)
85. Luckily, she has been able to come _____ of all her problems. (get clear off)
86. One should not run _____ others unnecessarily. (speak ill off)
87. After long efforts, he somehow puzzled _____ the problem. (to find answer)
88. People sometimes find it hard to live _____ to the expectations. (to be as good as expected)
89. Please, don't mess _____ me. (annoy, bother)
90. Today's breakfast consisted _____ bread and butter. (included)
91. She always wanted to be a doctor, but ended _____ as an engineer. (find yourself in a position that you did not plan)
92. It is not wise to depend _____ him for everything. He is so selfish. (to be able to trust someone)
93. Let us wait until the rain dies _____. (become less strong)
94. While speaking he broke _____ in the middle of a sentence. (suddenly stop saying something)
95. He has at last come _____ with the truth. (disclose)
96. When will your school break _____ for the summer vacation? (come to an end, disperse)
97. It is very dangerous to get _____ from a moving train. (descend)
98. He gave _____ the names of the prize winners. (announce, distribute)
99. The police are looking _____ the matter. (investigate)
100. Let me go _____ and finish my work. (continue, progress)

PHRASAL VERBS ANSWERS

- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. in | 26. over | 51. turn | 76. away |
| 2. against | 27. out | 52. think | 77. out |
| 3. up | 28. set | 53. shops | 78. slipped |
| 4. out | 29. through | 54. ran | 79. tune |
| 5. over | 30. down | 55. pay | 80. around |
| 6. out | 31. on | 56. mixed | 81. up |
| 7. after | 32. out | 57. along/on | 82. out |
| 8. off | 33. through | 58. focus | 83. out |
| 9. back | 34. keep | 59. died | 84. in |
| 10. about | 35. back | 60. handed | 85. out |
| 11. up | 36. tells | 61. deal | 86. down |
| 12. in | 37. into | 62. off | 87. out |
| 13. round | 38. aimed | 63. about | 88. up |
| 14. over | 39. asked | 64. bring | 89. with |
| 15. went | 40. up | 65. through | 90. of |
| 16. off | 41. chipped | 66. off | 91. up |
| 17. fed | 42. blow | 67. up | 92. on |
| 18. broke | 43. backed | 68. about | 93. out |
| 19. down | 44. catch | 69. flat | 94. off |
| 20. apart | 45. away | 70. went | 95. out |
| 21. into | 46. crossed | 71. out | 96. up |
| 22. away | 47. ended | 72. away | 97. down |
| 23. cut | 48. fallen | 73. stands | 98. out |
| 24. up | 49. takes | 74. out | 99. into |
| 25. on | 50. show | 75. down | 100. on |

COMPLETE THE IDIOMS

Complete the idioms using the clues given in brackets:

1. The prisoner might try to escape from the prison. So better keep an _____ on him. (check regularly)
2. I am really tired. I think I'll hit the _____. (go to bed)
3. In spite of the bad circumstances he kept his _____ up. (confident in a difficult situation)
4. Let's keep our _____ crossed in today's match. You never know what the result will be. (hope for the best)
5. The media often makes a _____ out of molehill. (make something seem much more important than it really is)
6. He is out of his mind. He is _____. (crazy)
7. The train arrived on the _____. (exactly at a given time)
8. He was probably _____ your leg. (tense someone by making them believe some exaggerated fact)
9. You will have to pay the _____ for bunking the class. (face the consequences for something you have done)
10. It's raining cats and _____. It is not safe to drive under this circumstance. (raining very hard)
11. Within two years, he has reached the top of the _____. (head of his position)
12. I always stick to my _____. (faithful to the course)
13. The candidate cut a poor _____ in the interview. (produced a poor impression)
14. The steel company had a good _____ record. (high level of quality)
15. His speech on 'Informatics' fell _____. (cause no interest)
16. Entering into a partnership with him will be like cutting your own _____. (ruin yourself)
17. Get out with your bag and _____. (with all belongings)
18. When he came of _____, he inherited his father's properly. (of twenty)
19. He can never set the _____ on fire. (do some remarkable thing)
20. We must _____ together during crisis. (working together)
21. The entrance exam was as easy as a _____. (very easy)
22. I finished the work at the _____ hour. (at the last hour)
23. She caught my _____ in the party. (attract one's attention)
24. I changed my _____. I cancelled my leave. (decide to do something different from what had been decided earlier)
25. I am feeling _____ because I haven't yet got a job in spite of attending so many interviews. (depressed)
26. The company is doing good business. Hence I have my _____ full. (extremely busy)

27. Please don't get on my _____. Leave me alone. (irritate someone)
28. It is always better to keep strangers at _____ length. (at a distance)
29. I have to hit the _____. So I will not come to the theatre.(study)
30. I would like to _____ on it before I give you as an answer. (take time to think something before making a decision)
31. My son is the _____ of my eye. (have great affection)
32. He didn't _____ up for the meeting. (appear)
33. The arrangements for the inaugural ceremony are in full _____. (very active)
34. He is every _____ a trustworthy person. (completely)
35. My presentation is not ready, I am all fingers and _____. (do things incorrectly)
36. I wrote the examination to the best of my _____. (as good as possible)
37. This philosophy is very interesting. But the _____ test will come when it is put to practice. (prone how effective or useful something it)
38. It is better to get your act _____ to do good business. (organize affairs more effectively)
39. He _____ up a row on seeing a shadow. (made a great noise)
40. She was as good as _____. (very good)
41. I gave him a piece of my _____ for irritating me. (scolded him)
42. All his efforts ended in _____. (came to nothing)
43. He was born with a silver _____ in his mouth. (in luxury)
44. His _____ ran cold while watching the movie 'Dracula'. (Horriified)
45. There is no point in keeping oneself in _____. (ignorance)
46. He has too many _____ in the fire and so never gets time to spend with his family. (engaged in too many enterprises at the same time)
47. Your demand is out of _____ to grant. (impossible)
48. I smell a _____. (suspect something)
49. Facebook, Orkut and Twitter have become all the _____ these days. (become very popular)
50. After attending the 15 day camp, he is all _____ and bone. (very thin)
51. Ron's parents promised to send him abroad if he _____ the examination. (get very high score)
52. Mark is a successful business man. But his immoral character may become his _____ heel. (Weak spot that could cause one's downfall)
53. Teachers are working against the _____ to finish off the portions before the examination. (you are rushed and lacking time)
54. After surviving the terrorist attack, he is afraid of his own _____. (very nervous or easily frightened)
55. The new textile shop is coming up with innovative advertising techniques to stay ahead of _____. (more successful than rivals)
56. We should _____ up for protecting our environment. (maintain)
57. He is a world class wrestler. But he's all _____ and no brain. (physically very strong but not very intelligent)

58. The dam issue has become a serious affair between states. The negotiation attempts only added _____ to the flames. (make the situation worse)
59. As he has got an all _____ from his doctor, Yuvaraj Singh started playing cricket again. (make sure that everything is all right)
60. The problem faced by women in India is a hard nut to _____. (difficult problem to solve)
61. He stood his _____ in the argument. (maintained his position)
62. My house is within a _____ throw of the bus stop. (a short distance)
63. The student is not in the good _____ of his teacher. (in favour with)
64. He is a good marketing executive. He has the gift of the _____. (a talent for speaking)
65. He took to _____ the insult by his seniors. (was deeply affected by)
66. The rumour spread like _____ fire. (spread rapidly)
67. The brothers are at _____ drawn over the issue of property. (strained relation)
68. It will take time to feel at _____ in the new surroundings. (feel comfortable)
69. You are at _____ to do whatever you wish. (freedom)
70. When I entered a new job everything was at sixes and _____ for me. (confusing)
71. I submitted my leave letter in _____ and white. (In writing)
72. He often blows his own _____. (praise oneself)
73. He is leaving the country for _____. (permanently)
74. The manager was charged with _____ the accounts. (preparing false accounts)
75. He knows the _____ and outs of that software. (full details)
76. He was elected the chairman with one _____. (Unanimously)
77. Children often burn the _____ at both ends on the eve of the examination. (exhaust one's strength and resources)
78. I felt a _____ out of water in my new hostel. (feel comfortable)
79. The police saved me from the kidnappers in the _____ of time. (right moment)
80. He got into hot _____ by arguing with a police officer. (get into trouble)
81. People were dropping like _____ after the H1N1 virus hit the city. (dying in large numbers)
82. I have a _____ feeling that India will win the match. (a personal intuition)
83. The magician made the pigeon vanish into _____ air. (no trace of it)
84. The training given here will benefit you in the _____ run. (over a period of time)
85. Building a new house cost him an arm and a _____. (very expensive)
86. The number of attributions made to Stephen: poet, composer, business man, makes him a man for all _____. (successful in different types of activity)
87. If you hit the _____ now, you might get to Vermont by evening. (to leave a place)
88. Due to his foolish attitude, he has made himself the laughing _____. (make fun of)
89. He could stir the audience _____ with his performance. (excite)
90. The board members got their _____ together to implement new rules.
91. Completing Robert's assignment was a piece of _____ for me. (very easy)
92. The seminar on Astrophysics was all _____ to me. (difficult to understand)

93. Jerry's daughter was the apple of his _____ (favourite)
94. Roma's gossip only added _____ to the fire in spoiling John's reputation. (to make a problem worse)
95. She was all fingers and _____ at the party due to her anxiety. (to be awkward with hands and keep making mistakes)
96. The kid is a trouble maker. So keep an _____ on him. (watchful)
97. Jolson _____ the buck to Rosina as she was very lazy to do the work. (to give the responsibility to someone else)
98. He made up his _____ to take part in the competition. (decide)
99. The student was caught _____-handed by the examiner while attempting to copy. (caught on the spot)
100. To prevent the matter from getting worse, he asked him to hold his _____. (hold on or not to talk)

COMPLETE THE IDIOMS ANSWERS

1. eye
2. hay
3. chin
4. fingers
5. mountain
6. nuts
7. dot
8. pulling
9. piper
10. dogs
11. tree
12. guns
13. figure
14. track
15. flat
16. throat
17. baggage
18. age
19. world
20. stand
21. pie
22. eleventh
23. eye
24. mind
25. blue
26. hands

27. nerves
28. arm's
29. books
30. sleep
31. apple
32. turn
33. swing
34. inch
35. thumbs
36. ability
37. acid
38. together
39. kicked
40. gold
41. mind
42. smoke
43. spoon
44. blood
45. dark
46. irons
47. question
48. rat
49. rage
50. skin
51. aced
52. Achilles'
53. clock
54. shadow
55. pack
56. stand
57. browns
58. fuel
59. clear
60. crack
61. ground
62. stone's
63. books
64. gab
65. heart
66. wild
67. daggers
68. ease

69. liberty
70. sevens
71. black
72. trumpet
73. good
74. cooking
75. ins
76. voice
77. candle
78. fish
79. nick
80. water
81. flies
82. gut
83. thin
84. long
85. leg
86. seasons
87. road
88. stock
89. up
90. act
91. cake
92. Greek
93. eye
94. fuel
95. thumbs
96. eye
97. passed
98. mind
99. red
100. tongue

Transcribe and stress

Mark the stress and the syllable break up at the appropriate places.

NO	WORD	SCRIPT	SUPRASEGMENTAL
1.	CURTAIN	/ kɜ:tən /	/'kɜ:.tən/
2.	NATION	/ neɪʃən /	/'neɪ.ʃən/
3.	MACHINE	/ məʃi:n /	/mə'ʃi:n/
4.	VARIETY	/ vəraɪəti /	/və'raɪə.ti/
5.	BRIDGE	/ brɪdʒ /	/brɪdʒ/
6.	DELIGHT	/ dlʌɪt /	/dɪ'laɪt/
7.	CANDLE	/ kændl /	/'kæn.dl /
8.	DISCOVER	/ dɪskʌvər /	/dɪ'skʌv.ər /
9.	KIDNAP	/ kɪdnæp /	/'kɪd.næp/
10.	MINISTER	/ mɪnɪstər /	/'mɪn.ɪ.stər/
1.	CONCERN	/kənsɜ:n/	
2.	REVENGE	/rɪvendʒ/	
3.	ADJACENT	/ədʒeɪsənt/	
4.	SURPRISE	/səpraɪz/	
5.	CREATION	/kri:ɪʃən/	
6.	JEALOUSY	/dʒeləsi/	
7.	RECOGNISE	/rekəɡnaɪz/	
8.	PORRIDGE	/pɒrɪdʒ/	
9.	ESSENCE	/esənts/	
10.	ESCAPE	/ɪskeɪp/	
11.	BEGINNER	/bɪɡɪnər /	
12.	CEREMONY	/serɪməni/	
13.	EMPEROR	/empərər /	
14.	REFRAIN	/rɪfreɪn/	
15.	VISIONARY	/vɪʒənri/	
16.	EXCELLENT	/eksələnt/	
17.	ACHIEVE	/ətʃi:v/	
18.	EQUATION	/ɪkweɪʒən/	
19.	VIDEO	/vɪdiəʊ/	
20.	INVASION	/ɪnveɪʒən/	
21.	SEMESTER	/sɪmestər /	
22.	WATERFALL	/ wɔ:təfɔ:l/	
23.	FABRIC	/fæbrɪk/	
24.	KARATE	/kərə:ti/	
25.	VARIOUS	/veəriəs/	
26.	WITHDRAW	/wɪðdrɔ:/	
27.	SUITABLE	/sju:təbl /	
28.	PYJAMAS	/pɪdʒɑ:məz/	
29.	DUCHESS	/dʌtʃes/	
30.	GENDER	/dʒendər /	

31.	JOURNALIST	/dʒɜːnəlɪst/	
32.	RESEMBLE	/rɪzembəl/	
33.	ESCAPE	/ɪskeɪp/	
34.	MISERABLE	/mɪzərəbəl/	
35.	VICTORY	/vɪktəri/	
36.	INVOLVE	/ɪnvəlv/	
37.	DISTURB	/dɪstɜːb/	
38.	SUBDUE	/səbdjuː/	
39.	VIOLATE	/vaɪələt/	
40.	TENSION	/tɛnʃən/	
41.	MOMENT	/məʊmənt/	
42.	JOCULAR	/dʒɒkjʊlər/	
43.	EXERCISE	/eksəsaɪz/	
44.	CRIMINAL	/krɪmɪnəl/	
45.	RELIGIOUS	/rɪlɪdʒəs/	
46.	ALLOWANCE	/ələʊənts/	
47.	EMPOWER	/ɪmpaʊər/	
48.	EQUIPMENT	/ɪkwɪpmənt/	
49.	POIGNANT	/pɔɪnjənt/	
50.	POSSESSIVE	/pəzesɪv/	
51.	CONCLUSION	/kɒnklʊːʒən/	
52.	PREVENTION	/prɪventʃən/	
53.	PROBATION	/prəʊ'beɪʃən/	
54.	ASCERTAIN	/æsətetn/	
55.	DISCOURSE	/dɪskɔːs/	
56.	RELIANCE	/rɪlaɪənts/	
57.	EXPLICIT	/ɪksplɪsɪt/	
58.	DUPLICATE	/djuːplɪkət/	
59.	EXERTION	/ɪgzɜːʃən/	
60.	QUANTITY	/kwɒntəti/	
61.	SANCTION	/sæŋkʃən/	
62.	FOREIGNER	/fɔːrənər/	
63.	INTERRUPT	/ɪntə'rʌpt/	
64.	DORMANT	/dɔːmənt/	
65.	ESTABLISH	/ɪstæblɪʃ/	
66.	CONTINUE	/kən'tɪnjuː/	
67.	DELICIOUS	/dɪlɪʃəs/	
68.	MALIGNANT	/mə'lɪgnənt/	
69.	METAPHOR	/metəfɔːr/	
70.	TRANSITION	/trænzɪʃən/	
71.	HABITAT	/hæbɪtæt/	
72.	TENDENCY	/tendəntsi/	
73.	MINIATURE	/mɪnɪtʃər/	
74.	IMPROPER	/ɪmprɒpər/	
75.	BEHAVIOUR	/bɪ'heɪvjər/	
76.	INFLECTION	/ɪnflekʃən/	
77.	MONARCHY	/mɒnəki/	

78.	TEDIOUS	/ti:diəs/	
79.	SENTENCE	/sentənts/	
80.	ORGANIC	/ɔ:gænik/	
81.	ASSEMBLE	/əsembl/	
82.	CREATIVE	/kri:etiv/	
83.	TELESCOPE	/telɪskəʊp/	
84.	DEVOTION	/divəʊʃən/	
85.	EQUIPMENT	/ɪkwɪpmənt/	
86.	LANGUID	/læŋgwɪd/	
87.	PECULIAR	/pɪkju:liər/	
88.	INTENSITY	/ɪntensɪti/	
89.	LIBERATE	/lɪbəreɪt/	
90.	MODIFY	/mɒdɪfaɪ/	
91.	INQUIRY	/ɪnkwɪəri/	
92.	SUPERSEDE	/su:pəsi:d/	
93.	RIDICULE	/rɪdɪkju:l/	
94.	PENALTY	/penəlti/	
95.	CHIVALRY	/ʃɪvəlri/	
96.	EQUIVALENT	/ɪkwɪvələnt/	
97.	GENEROUS	/dʒenərəs/	
98.	ORGANIC	/ɔ:gænik/	
99.	PARTICULAR	/pɑ:tɪkjʊlər/	
100.	CURRENCY	/kʌrəntsi/	

Transcribe and stress

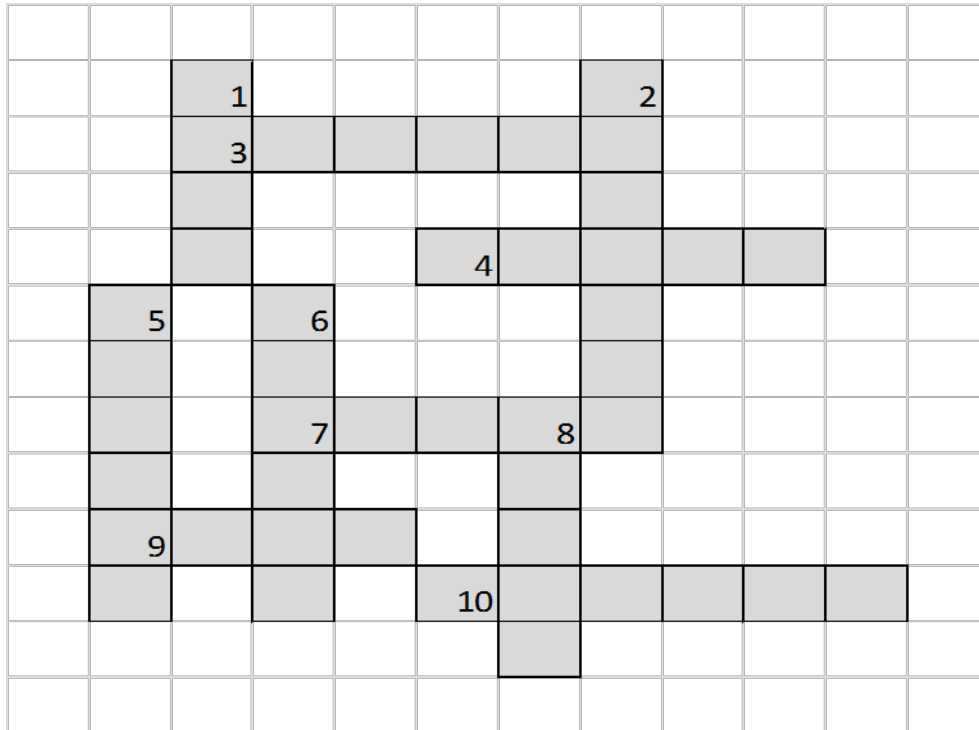
Answers

- | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. /kən'sɜ:n/ | 16. /'ek.səl.ənt/ | 31. /'dʒɜ:.nə.lɪst/ |
| 2. /rɪ'vendʒ/ | 17. /ə'tʃi:v/ | 32. /rɪ'zem.bl/ |
| 3. /ə'dʒeɪ.sənt/ | 18. /ɪ'kweɪ.zən/ | 33. /ɪ'skeɪp/ |
| 4. /sə'praɪz/ | 19. /'vɪd.i.əs/ | 34. /'mɪz.ər.ə.bl/ |
| 5. /kri'eɪ.ʃən/ | 20. /ɪn'veɪ.zən/ | 35. /'vɪk.tər.i/ |
| 6. /'dʒel.ə.si/ | 21. /sɪ'mes.tər/ | 36. /ɪn'vɒlv/ |
| 7. /'rek.əg.naɪz/ | 22. /'wɔ:.tə.fɔ:l/ | 37. /dɪ'stɜ:b/ |
| 8. /'pɒr.ɪdʒ/ | 23. /'fæb.rɪk/ | 38. /səb'dju:/ |
| 9. /'es.ənt s/ | 24. /kə'rɑ:.ti/ | 39. /'vaɪə.lert/ |
| 10. /ɪ'skeɪp/ | 25. /'veə.ri.əs/ | 40. /'tent.ʃən/ |
| 11. /bɪ'gɪn.ər/ | 26. /wɪð'drɔ:/ | 41. /'məs.mənt/ |
| 12. /'ser.ɪ.mə.ni/ | 27. /'sju:.tə.bl/ | 42. /'dʒɒk.jʊ.lər/ |
| 13. /'em.pər.ər/ | 28. /pɪ'dʒɑ:.məz/ | 43. /'ek.sə.səɪz/ |
| 14. /rɪ'freɪn/ | 29. /'dʌtʃ.es/ | 44. /'krɪm.ɪ.nəl/ |
| 15. /'vɪʒ.ən.ri/ | 30. /'dʒen.dər/ | 45. /rɪ'lɪdʒ.əs/ |

46. /ə'laʊ.ənt s/
47. /ɪm'pauə /
48. /ɪ'kwɪp.mənt/
49. /'pɔɪ.njənt/
50. /pə'zes.ɪv/
51. /kən'klu:zən/
52. /prɪ'vent .fən/
53. /prəʊ'beɪ.fən/
54. /,æ.s.ə'teɪn/
55. /'dɪs.kɔ:s/
56. /rɪ'laɪ.ənts/
57. /ɪk'splɪs.ɪt/
58. /'dju:.plɪ.kert/
59. /ɪg'zɜ:.fən/
60. /'kwɒn.tɪ.tɪ/
61. /'sæŋk.fən/
62. /'fɔr.ə.nər /
63. /,ɪn.tə'rɒpt/
64. /'dɔ:.mənt/
65. /ɪ'stæb.lɪf/
66. /kən'tɪn.ju:/
67. /dɪ'ɪf.əs/
68. /mə'ɪg.nənt/
69. /'met.ə.fɔ:r/
70. /træn'zɪf.ən/
71. /'hæb.ɪ.tæt/
72. /'ten.dənt .sɪ/
73. /'mɪn.ɪ.tʃər/
74. /ɪm'prɒp.ər/
75. /bɪ'heɪ.vjər /
76. /ɪn'flek.fən/
77. /'mɒn.ə.kɪ/
78. /'ti:.di.əs/
79. /'sen.tənts/
80. /ɔ:'gæ.n.ɪk/
81. /ə'sem.bl /
82. /kri'eɪ.tɪv/
83. /'tel.ɪ.skəʊp/
84. /dɪ'vəʊ.fən/
85. /ɪ'kwɪp.mənt/
86. /'læŋ.gwɪd/
87. /pɪ'kju:.li.ər/
88. /ɪn'tent.sɪ.tɪ/
89. /'ɪb.ər.ert/
90. /'mɒd.ɪ.faɪ/
91. /ɪn'kwaiə.ri/
92. /,su:.pə'sɪ:d/
93. /'rɪd.ɪ.kju:l/
94. /'pen.əl.tɪ/
95. /'ɪv.əl.ri/
96. /ɪ'kwɪv.əl.ənt/
97. /'dʒen.ər.əs/
98. /ɔ:'gæ.n.ɪk/
99. /pə'tɪk.jʊ.lər/
100. /'kɒr.ənt .sɪ/

Cross word

1.



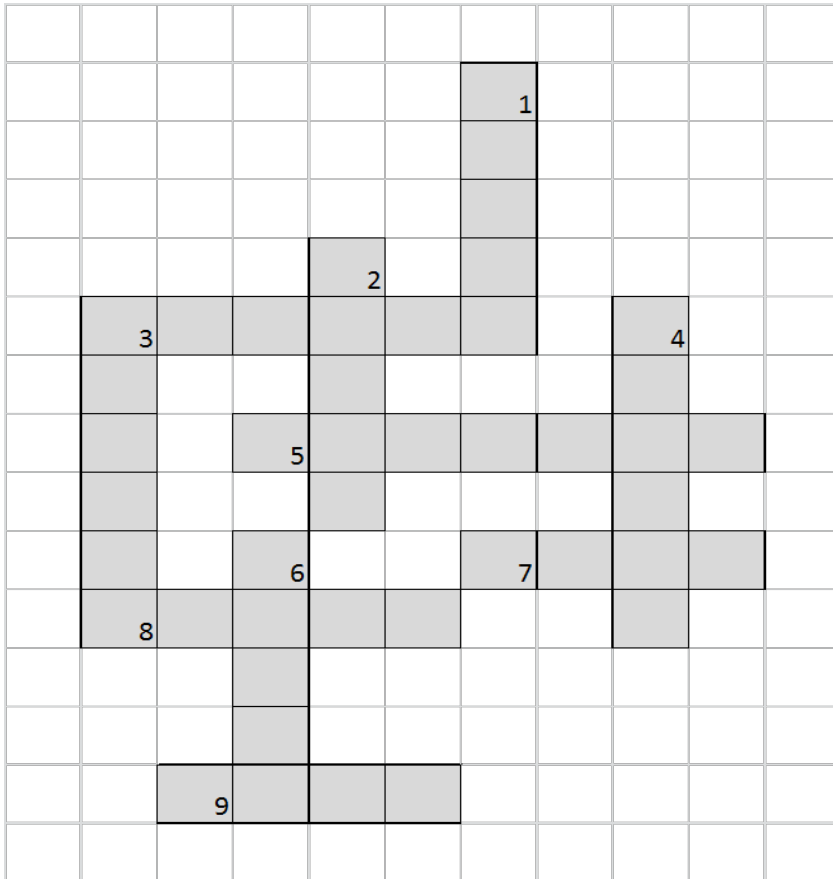
Across

- 3. Busy with or ready to perform a particular activity
- 4. Not dirty
- 7. Freedom from war and violence
- 9. Describes someone's face or skin if it has less colour than usual
- 10. full of light, shining

Down

- 1. Peaceful and quiet
- 2. To get or be given something
- 5. To fill, exist in
- 6. To provide something that is wanted or needed
- 8. A quality which makes you like or feel attracted to someone or something

2.



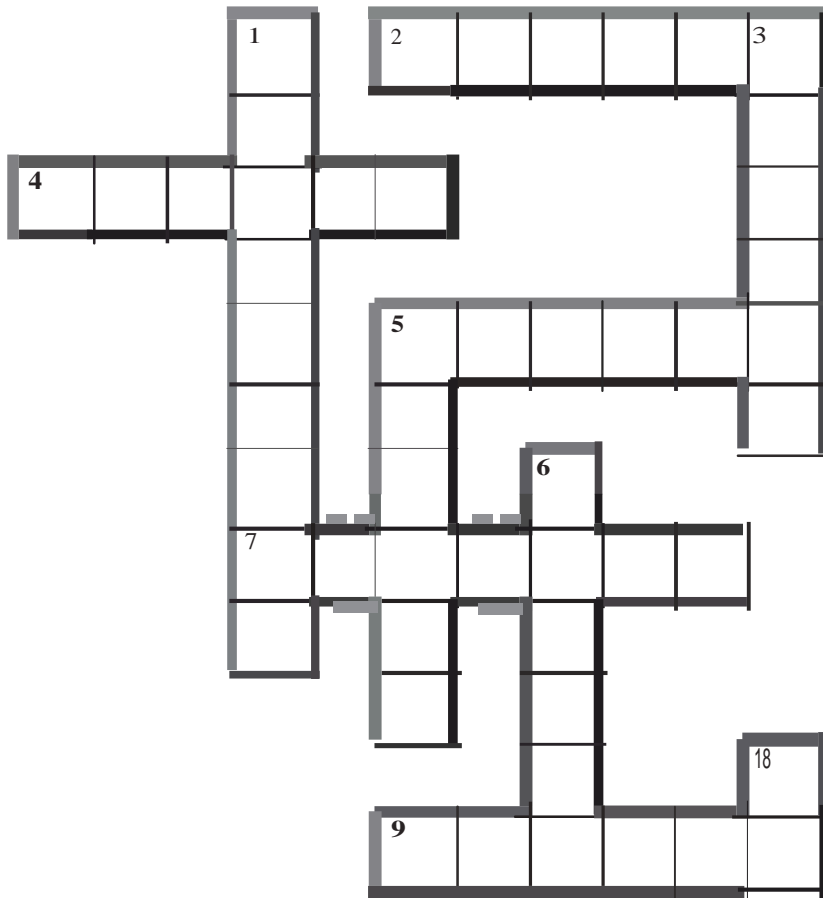
Across

- 3. Clothes, especially fine or formal ones
- 5. A brief, incomplete view or look
- 7. Extreme anger 8. to not be caught by someone
- 9. Boring, especially in appearance; having little colour and excitement

Down

- 1. To swim, especially in the sea, a river, or a lake
- 2. Produce or provide a natural or industrial product
- 3. To respect and approve of someone or their behavior
- 4. To take something in, especially gradually 6. a private teacher who teaches a single pupil or a very small group

3.



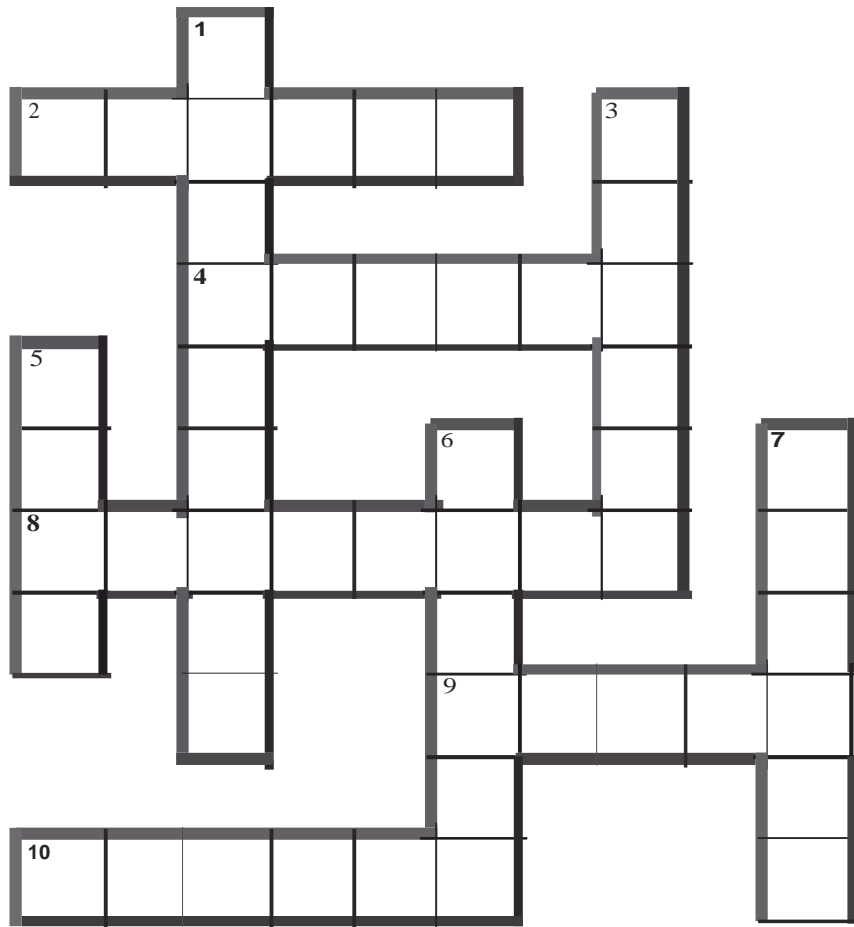
ACROSS

- 2. looking **ill** or tired, often with dark skin under the eyes
- 4. a long journey, especially by ship
- 5. extremely unpleasant
- 7. a style of cooking
- 9. a description of possible actions or events in the future

DOWN

- 1. a pleasant smell
- 3. to like or enjoy something
- 5. to force someone to do something
- 6. to make a liquid weaker by mixing in something else
- 8. quick, energetic, and active

4.



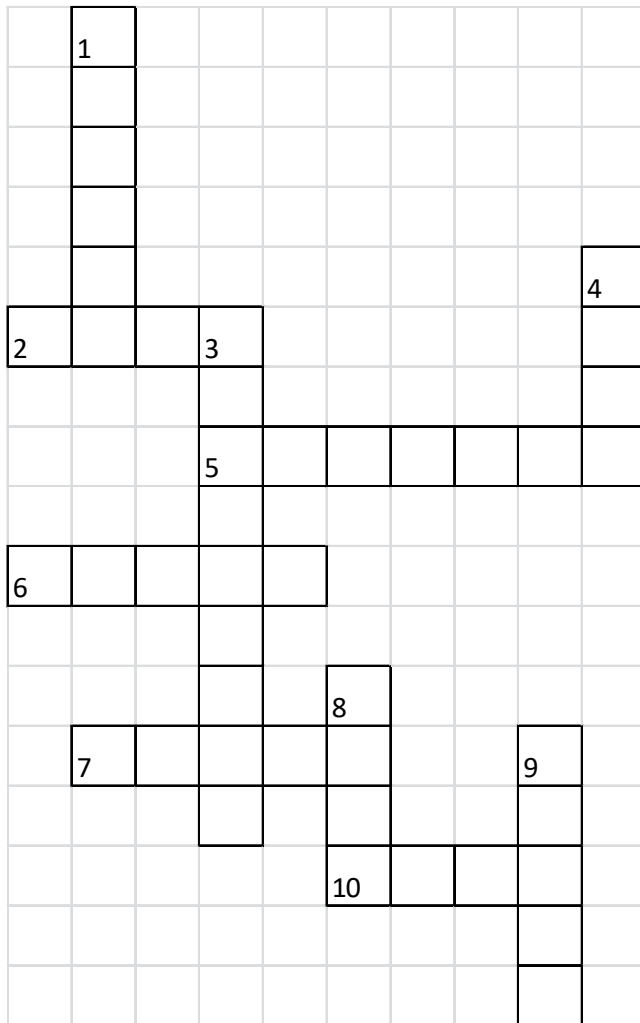
ACROSS

- 2. to walk in a slow, relaxed manner, especially for pleasure
- 4. to speak or say something very quietly
- 8. a short account of an interesting or humorous incident
- 9. complete and in the original state
- 10. help and comfort when you are feeling sad

DOWN

- 1. very well known and important
- 3. a building for housing a motor vehicle
- 5. a fertile soil of clay and sand containing humus
- 6. quiet and easy to influence
- 7. not allow to be seen

5.



Across

- 2. To experience something physical or emotional
- 5. to cut a body open for medical reasons
- 6. to use drugs, exercises, etc. to cure a person of a disease or heal an injury
- 7. to produce liquid through your skin because you are hot or nervous
- 10. to feel pain in a part of your body

Down

- 1. To hurt or cause physical harm to a person
- 3. To take care of someone or something
- 4. to swallow or use a medicine or drug
- 8. to have or cause an uncomfortable feeling on the skin
- 9. to get an illness, especially one caused by bacteria or a virus

1. Answers

Across

- 3. **ACTIVE** — busy with or ready to perform a particular activity
- 4. **CLEAN** — not dirty 7. **PEACE** — freedom from war and violence
- 9. **PALE** — describes someone's face or skin if it has less colour than usual
- 10. **BRIGHT** — full of light, shining

Down

- 1. **CALM** — peaceful and quiet
- 2. **RECEIVE** — to get or be given something
- 5. **OCCUPY** — to fill, exist in
- 6. **SUPPLY** — to provide something that is wanted or needed
- 8. **CHARM** — a quality which makes you like or feel attracted to someone or something

2. Answers

Across

- 3. **ATTIRE** — clothes, especially fine or formal ones
- 5. **GLIMPSE** — a brief, incomplete view or look
- 7. **FURY** — extreme anger 8. **ELUDE** — to not be caught by someone
- 9. **DRAB** — boring, especially in appearance; having little colour and excitement

Down

- 1. **BATHE** — to swim, especially in the sea, a river, or a lake
- 2. **YIELD** — produce or provide a natural or industrial product
- 3. **ADMIRE** — to respect and approve of someone or their behaviour
- 4. **ABSORB** — to take something in, especially gradually
- 6. **TUTOR** — a private teacher who teaches a single pupil or a very small group

3.

ACROSS

- 2. Huggard
- 4. Voyage
- 5. Odious
- 7. Cuisine
- 9. Scenario

Down

- 1. Fragrance
- 3. Relish
- 5. Oblige
- 6. Dilute
- 8. Brisk

4.

ACROSS

- 2. Stroll
- 4. Murmur
- 8. Anecdote
- 9. Intact
- 10. Depict

Down

- 1. Prominent
- 3. Garage
- 5. Loam
- 6. Docile
- 7. Conceal

5.

Across

- 2. feel
- 5. operate
- 6. treat
- 7. sweat
- 10. hurt

Down

- 1. injure
- 3. look after
- 4. take
- 8. Itch
- 9. Catch

Editing Exercise

1. The most common utilization for solar energy is been with solar photovoltaic (PV) cells. Here the sun's light is converting by the PV cells into Direct Current (DC). These electricity can then be used to running almost all gadgets in your home. Another method involve the use of sun's heat instead of light. Energy producing from the sun's heat is called thermal solar energy. Producing of thermal solar energy has more cost effective then the photovoltaic cells method mainly because here you can converts up to 50-80% of the sun's energy as opposed with PV which converts only 15%.

Solution

Error / correction

For / of

Is / has

Converting / converted

These / this

Running / run

Involve / involves

Producing / produced

Producing / Production

Has / is

Then / than

Converts / convert

With / to

2. Vitamin tablets has been around forever, but antioxidants are the last miracle cure. Do they really work? If the hype is true, then that the antioxidants do is work for neutralise the free radicals in our bodies and latter excrete them. Free radicals are atoms or molecules that have at least one unpaired electron and is therefore unstable and highly reactive. In animal tissue they are believing to accelerate the progression of cardiovascular and age-related diseases as dementia and cancer.

Answers

- a) has (incorrect) – have (correct)
- b) last – latest
- c) that – what
- d) for – to
- e) latter – later
- f) is – are
- g) believing – believed
- h) as – such as / like

3. The use for bottled supplements with your diet is a practice that need to be discouraged. It is also essential to keep abreast off new developments in research. Ironically those health-conscious individuals who already eats large quantities of fresh fruit and vegetables, who diet does not include junk food and who get plenty of regular exercise and have least need for dietary supplements tend to be the ones whom are most likely to use them.

Answers

- a) for – of
- b) need – needs
- c) off – of
- d) eats – eat
- e) who – whose
- f) least – less
- g) whom – who